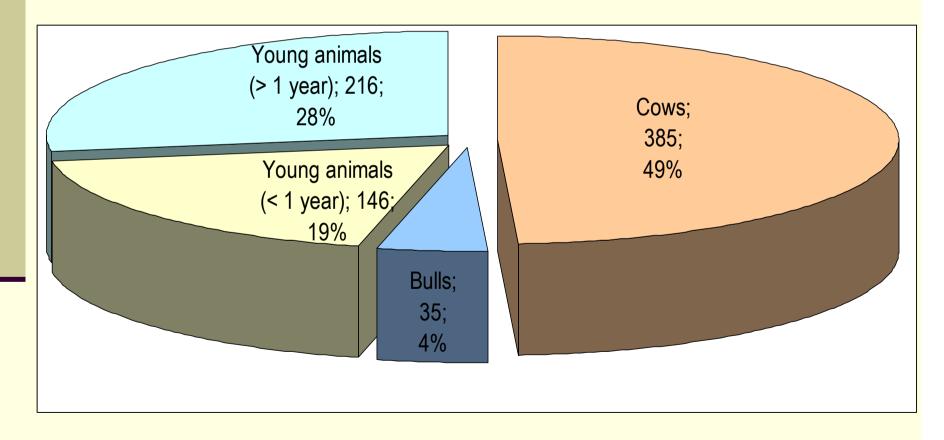
BUSHA in Croatia

Ante Ivanković
National AnGR coordinator

Population structure

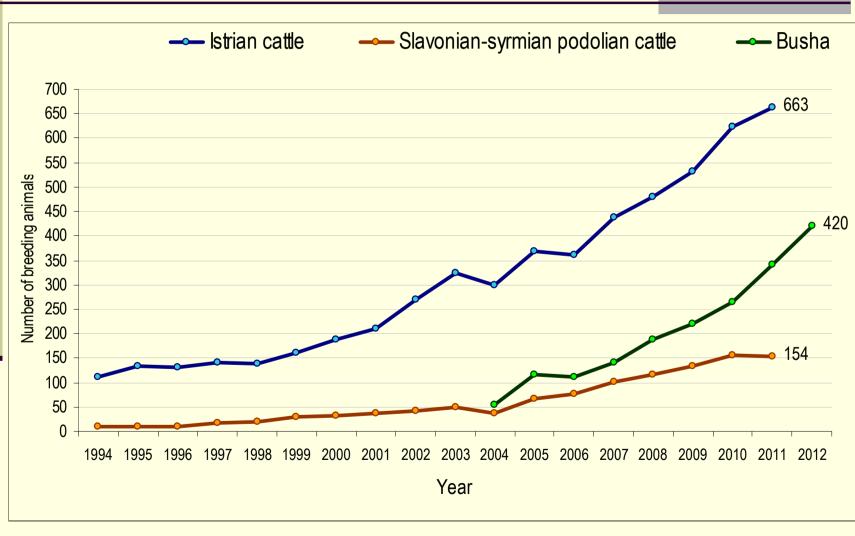


■ 70 herds



Population trend





Breeding area:

Remaining head can be found in the area of Lika

and Dalmatia



- small, modest, resistant cattle
- firm legs and hoofs
- head is small and oblong, forehead small and short
- neck is long, sheet slightly developed
- wither mostly short (103-108 cm)
- chest is small and quite deep (52-57% of the withers height), chest width 28-30 cm
- pretty short trunk (115-120% withers height), trunk length 120 to 129 cm

pelvis is short, peaky to the tail root, thighs are downcast







- udder is poorly developed, colored, covered with dens, rough hair
- short lactation (50 to 150 days) 600 to 1
 400 liters of milk with 5,2% milk fat
- bulls usually have one third or one half of lower part of testicles in black color
- body weight at birth (15 to 18 kg) caused easy calving
- modest fattening potential

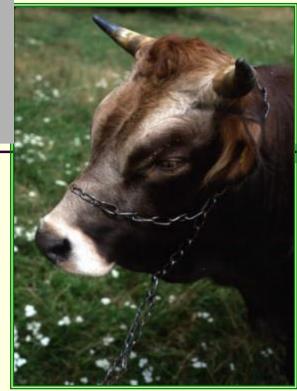






- one colored cattle with variations
 - white color
 - different tones of red and brown
 - almost completely black color
 - tigress colored
- skin is
 - elastic and soft in well feeded individuals
 - dense, long and flaunting in poor nourished individuals

- deer muzzle
- eel-like stripe along the back
- mucosa which can bee seen and hoofs are darker color-almost black

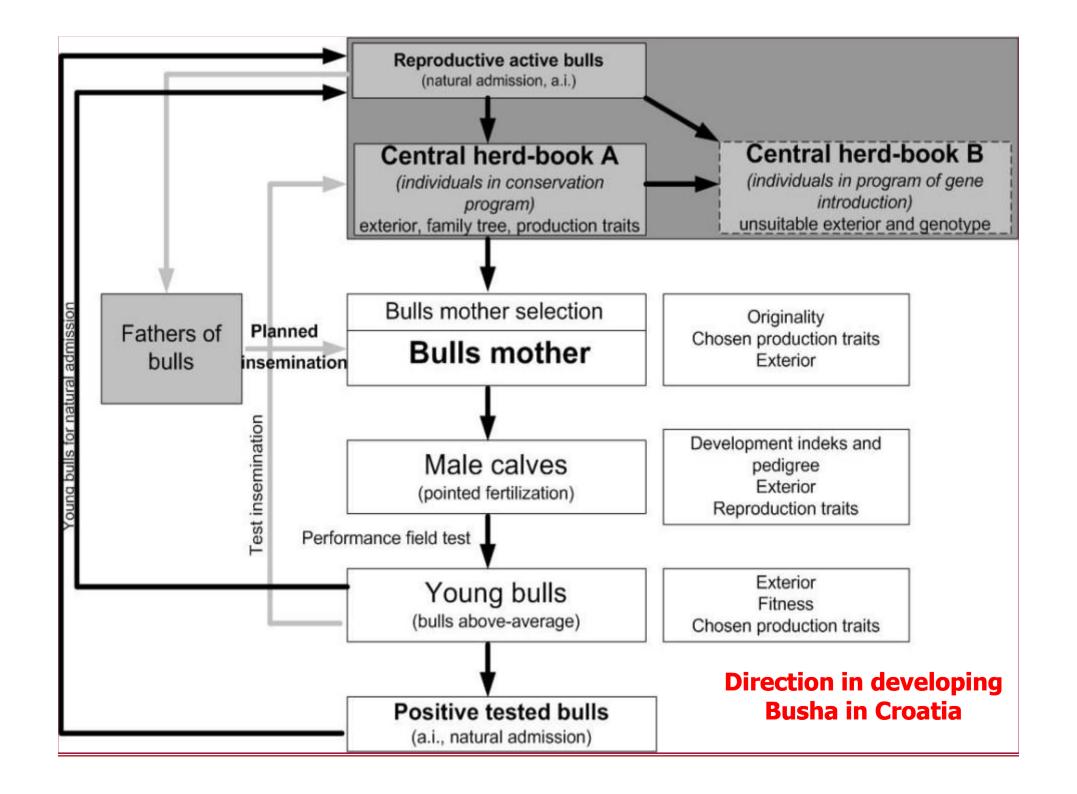






Present state of the breed:

- Protection programme for Busha has started in 2003
- Busha is included in the national cattle breeding programme (2007)
- Research of phenotype and genetic structure is performed
- In Herd Book 385 cows and 35 bulls (CAA, 2013)
- Several bulls have been included in the programme UO, which decreases the level of loss of genetic variability



Level of endangerment:

- Ne = 128
- FAO/EAAP
 - highly endangered
- status of endangerment in the Republic of Croatia
 - I (highly endangered)



Lika, 2011







